# KRIBIOLISA™ Rituximab (RITUXAN™) ELISA

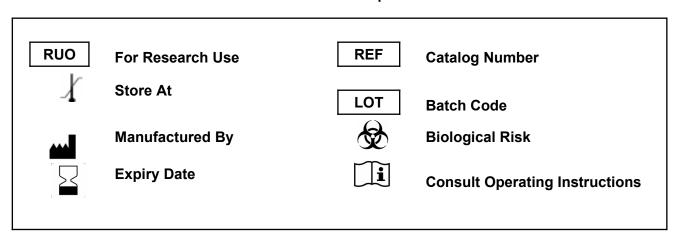
**REF** : KBI1010

Ver 4.1

**RUO** 

This Kit has been Calibrated against an International Standard from the National Institute of Biologicals and Control (NIBSC), Potters Bar, Hertfordshire EN6 3QG, UK.

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantitative determination of Rituximab in serum and plasma



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KBI1010 96 tests

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For Asia / India: tel: +91(22)-49198700 Email: sales@krishgen.com



#### Introduction:

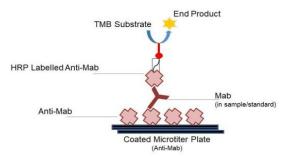
Rituximab is a monoclonal antibody which has high specificity for CD20 and it is used to treat certain autoimmune diseases and types of cancer. It is also used for non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia, rheumatoid arthritis, and granulomatosis with polyangiitis, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, pemphigus vulgaris, myasthenia gravis and Epstein - Barr virus-positive mucocutaneous ulcers. It is given by slow injection into a vein.

#### Intended Use:

The KRIBIOLISA™ Rituximab ELISA is used as an analytical tool for quantitative determination of Rituximab in serum and plasma.

## Principle:

The method employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. Antibodies to Rituximab are pre-coated onto microwells. Samples and standards are pipetted into microwells and human Rituximab present in the sample are bound by the capture antibody. Then a HRP (horseradish peroxidase) conjugated anti-Rituximab antibody is pipetted and incubated. After washing microwells in order to remove any non-specific binding, the ready to use substrate solution (TMB) is added to microwells and color develops proportionally to the amount of Rituximab in the sample. Color development is then stopped by addition of stop solution. Absorbance is measured at 450 nm.



#### **Materials Provided:**

Part	Description	Qty
Anti-Rituximab Coated Microtiter Plate	96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with Anti-Rituximab monoclonal antibody.	1 x 96 wells
Rituximab Standard, (lyophilized)	Recombinant Rituximab in a buffered protein base and preservatives 0.02% methylisothiazolone and 0.02% bromonitrodioxane – (lyophilized, concentrated 1 ug/ml)	2 vials
Anti-Rituximab:HRP Conjugate	Anti-Rituximab conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase with protein stabilizer and preservatives 0.02% methylisothiazolone and 0.02% bromonitrodioxane.	12 ml
Standard Diluent	Buffered protein base with preservative thiomersol < 0.01%	10 ml
Sample Diluent	Buffered protein base with preservative thiomersol < 0.01%	2 x 50 ml
(20X) Wash Buffer	20-fold concentrated solution of buffered surfactant with preservative thiomersol < 0.01%. May turn yellow over time.	25 ml
TMB Substrate	Stabilized Chromogen	12 ml
Stop Solution	0.73M Phosphoric Acid	12 ml
Instruction Manual		1 no

#### Materials to be provided by the End-User:

- 1. Microtiter Plate Reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Adjustable pipettes and multichannel pipettor to measure volumes ranging from 25 ul to 1000 ul
- 3. Deionized (DI) water
- 4. Wash bottle or automated microplate washer
- 5. Graph paper or software for data analysis



- 6. Timer
- 7. Absorbent Paper

# Handling/Storage:

- 1. All reagents should be stored at required temperature as indicated on the component label.
- 2. All the reagents and wash solutions should be used within 12 months from manufacturing date.
- 3. Before using, bring all components to room temperature (18-25°C). Upon assay completion ensure all components of the kit are returned to appropriate storage conditions.
- 4. The Substrate is light-sensitive and should be protected from direct sunlight or UV sources.

## **Health Hazard Warnings:**

- 1. Reagents that contain preservatives may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.
- 2. For Research Use Only.



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# Sample Preparation and Storage:

Blood is taken by venipuncture. Serum is separated after clotting by centrifugation. Plasma can be used, too. Lipaemic, hemolytic or contaminated samples should not be run. Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided. If samples are to be used for several assays, initially aliquot samples and keep at - 20°C.

#### **Preparation Before Use:**

Allow samples to reach room temperature prior to assay. Take care to agitate patient samples gently in order to ensure homogeneity.

#### **Test Sample preparation -**

Serum: Samples have to be diluted 1:100 to 1:1000 (v/v), e.g. for 1:100 (1 ul sample + 99 ul Sample Diluent) prior to assay. The samples may be kept at 2 - 8°C for up to three days. Long-term storage requires -20°C. Plasma: Samples have to be diluted 1:500 to 1:2000 (v/v), e.g. for 1:1000 (1 ul sample + 999 ul Sample Diluent) prior to assay. The samples may be kept at 2 - 8°C for up to three days. Long-term storage requires -20°C.

## Reagent Preparation (all reagents should be diluted immediately prior to use):

- Label any aliquots made with the kit Lot No and Expiration date and store it at appropriate conditions mentioned.
- 2. Bring all reagents to Room temperature before use.
- 3. To make Wash Buffer (1X); dilute 25 ml of 20X Wash Buffer in 475 ml of DI water.
- 4. **Standards Preparation**: Reconstitute the concentrated Standard lyophilized vial with 1 ml of Standard Diluent to obtain a concentration of 1 ug/ml. Keep the vial for 15 mins with gentle agitation before making further dilutions. Dilute 320 ul of original **Standard (1 ug/ml)** with 180 ul of Standard Diluent to generate a **640 ng/ml Standard Solution**. Prepare further **Standards** by serially diluting the Standard Solution as per the below table. Use the Standard Diluent as the Zero Standard (Standard No.0).

Standard Concentration	Standard Vial	Dilution Particulars
1 ug/ml	Original Standard	Lyophilized Standard provided in the Kit + 1ml of Standard Diluent
640 ng/ml	Standard No.7	320 ul Reconstituted Standard (1 ug/ml) + 180 ul Standard Diluent
320 ng/ml	Standard No.6	250 ul Standard No.7 + 250 ul Standard Diluent
160 ng/ml	Standard No.5	250 ul Standard No.6 + 250 ul Standard Diluent
80 ng/ml	Standard No.4	250 ul Standard No.5 + 250 ul Standard Diluent
40 ng/ml	Standard No.3	250 ul Standard No.4 + 250 ul Standard Diluent
20 ng/ml	Standard No.2	250 ul Standard No.3 + 250 ul Standard Diluent
10 ng/ml	Standard No.1	250 ul Standard No.2 + 250 ul Standard Diluent
0 ng/ml	Standard No.0	Only Standard Diluent



Use the prepared Standards as soon as possible upon reconstitution. Discard balance prepared standards after use.

#### **Procedural Notes:**

indicative of the Hook Effect.

- 1. In order to achieve good assay reproducibility and sensitivity, proper washing of the plates to remove excess un-reacted reagents is essential.
- 2. High Dose Hook Effect may be observed in samples with very high concentrations of Rituximab. High Dose Hook Effect is due to excess of antibody for very high concentrations of Rituximab present in the sample. High Dose Hook effect is most likely encountered from samples early in the purification process. If Hook Effect is possible, the samples to be assayed should be diluted with a compatible diluent. Thus if the Rituximab concentration of the undiluted sample is less than the diluted sample, this may be
- 3. Avoid assay of Samples containing sodium azide (NaN<sub>3</sub>), as it could destroy the HRP activity resulting in under-estimation of the amount of Rituximab.
- 4. It is recommended that all Standards and Samples be assayed in duplicates.
- 5. Maintain a repetitive timing sequence from well to well for all the steps to ensure that the incubation timings are same for each well.
- 6. If the Substrate has a distinct blue color prior to use it may have been contaminated and use of such substrate can lead to compromisation of the sensitivity of the assay.
- 7. The plates should be read within 30 minutes after adding the Stop Solution.
- 8. Make a work list in order to identify the location of Standards and Samples.

#### **Assay Procedure:**

- 1. It is strongly recommended that all Standards and Samples be run in duplicates or triplicates. A standard curve is required for each assay. All steps must be performed at 37°C
- 2. Add 100 ul of prepared Standards or diluted Samples into the respective wells.
- 3. Cover the plate and incubate for 60 minutes at 37°C
- 4. Aspirate and wash plate 4 times with **Wash Buffer (1X)** and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step.
- 5. Pipette without delay in the same order 100 ul of Anti-Rituximab:HRP Conjugate into each well.
- 6. Cover the plate and incubate for 60 minutes at 37°C
- 7. Aspirate and wash plate 4 times with **Wash Buffer (1X)** and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step.
- 8. Add 100 ul of TMB Substrate in each well.
- 9. Incubate the plate at 37°C for 30 minutes in dark. DO NOT SHAKE or else it may result in higher backgrounds and worse precision. Positive wells should turn bluish in color.
- 10. Pipette out 100 ul of Stop Solution. Wells should turn from blue to yellow in color.
- 11. Read the absorbance at 450 nm with a microplate reader.

# **Calculation of Results:**

Determine the Mean Absorbance for each set of duplicate or triplicate Standards and Samples. Using Semi-Log graph paper, plot the average value (absorbance 450nm) of each standard on the Y-axis versus the corresponding concentration of the standards on the X-axis. Draw the best fit curve through the standard points.



To determine the unknown Rituximab concentrations, find the unknown's Mean Absorbance value on the Y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the X-axis and read the Rituximab Concentration. If samples were diluted, multiply by the appropriate dilution factor. Software which is able to generate a cubic spline curve-fit is best recommended for automated results.

#### Note:

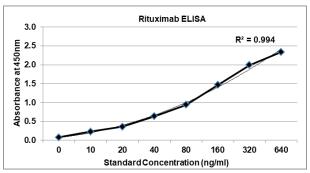
It is recommended to repeat the assay at a different dilution factor in the following cases:

- If the sample absorbance value is below the first standard.
- If the absorbance value is equivalent or higher than the 640 ng/ml standard.

**Typical Data** 

Standards (ng/ml)	Abs 1	Abs 2	Mean Abs
0	0.094	0.068	0.081
10	0.250	0.214	0.232
20	0.376	0.343	0.360
40	0.634	0.631	0.633
80	0.946	0.936	0.941
160	1.469	1.469	1.469
320	1.993	1.987	1.990
640	2.361	2.318	2.339

### **Typical Graph**



# **Quality Control:**

It is recommended that for each laboratory assay appropriate quality control samples in each run to be used to ensure that all reagents and procedures are correct.

# **Performance Characteristics of the Kit:**

This kit has been validated as per EMA/FDA guidelines in line with ICH Code for Harmonization of Biological Assays.

#### Sensitivity:

**Limit Of Detection:** It is defined as the lowest detectable concentration corresponding to a signal of Mean of '0' standard plus 2\* SD.

10 replicates of '0' standards were evaluated and the LOD was found to be 9.4 ng/ml

# Calibration:

This Kit has been Calibrated against an International Standard from the National Institute of Biologicals and Control (NIBSC), Potters Bar, Hertfordshire EN6 3QG, UK. 100 ug/1ml of supplied standard equals 1,000 IU of Rituximab. Please note that the calibration is lot specific.

The Standards provided in the kit are also calibrated against commercially sourced Rituxan™ and alternate biosimilar recombinant Rituximab injection.



#### Linearity:

Standards provided in the kit present a linearity range of Rituximab with a regression coefficient of more than >0.9 when measured using a polynomial regression to the 2nd order.

#### Precision:

Precision is defined as the percent coefficient of variation (%CV) i.e. standard deviation divided by the mean and multiplied by 100. Assay precision was determined by both intra (n=5 assays) and inter assay (n=5 assays) reproducibility on two pools with low (10ng/ml), medium (80ng/ml) and high (640ng/ml) concentrations. While actual precision may vary from laboratory to laboratory and technician to technician, it is recommended that all operators achieve precision below these design goals before reporting results.

Pool	Intra Assay %CV	Inter Assay %CV
Low	<10%	<10%
Medium	<5%	<5%
High	<5%	<5%

# **Safety Precautions:**

- This kit is For Research Use Only. Follow the working instructions carefully.
- The expiration dates stated on the kit are to be observed. The same relates to the stability stated for reagents
- Do not use or mix reagents from different lots.
- Do not use reagents from other manufacturers.
- Avoid time shift during pipetting of reagents.
- All reagents should be kept in the original shipping container.
- Some of the reagents contain small amount of sodium azide (< 0.1 % w/w) as preservative. They must not be swallowed or allowed to come into contact with skin or mucosa.
- Source materials maybe derived from human body fluids or organs used in the preparation of this kit were tested and found negative for HBsAg and HIV as well as for HCV antibodies. However, no known test guarantees the absence of such viral agents. Therefore, handle all components and all patient samples as if potentially hazardous.
- Since the kit contains potentially hazardous materials, the following precautions should be observed
- Do not smoke, eat or drink while handling kit material
- Always use protective gloves
- Never pipette material by mouth
- Wipe up spills promptly, washing the affected surface thoroughly with a decontaminant.
- · In any case GLP should be applied with all general and individual regulations to the use of this kit.

#### References:

Mechanism of action of rituximab..Thomas Cerny; Bettina Borisch; Martino Introna; Peter Johnson; Andrea L Rose....Anti-Cancer Drugs. 2002.... - Wolters Kluvers

The therapeutic use of rituximab in non-Hodgkin's lymphoma....Marcus R1, Hagenbeek A..Eur J Haematol Suppl. 2007.... - Wiley

Clinical and immunological outcomes of high- and low-dose rituximab treatments in patients with pemphigus: a randomized, comparative, observer-blinded study...Kanwar AJ1, Vinay K, Sawatkar GU, Dogra S, Minz RW, Shear NH, Koga H, Ishii N, Hashimoto T. Br J Dermatol. 2014... - Wiley

Population pharmacokinetics of rituximab with or without plasmapheresis in kidney patients with antibody-mediated disease...Puisset F1, White-Koning M, Kamar N, Huart A, Haberer F, Blasco H, Le Guellec C, Lafont T, Grand A, Rostaing L, Chatelut E, Pourrat J. Br J Clin Pharmacol.... 2013... Wiley

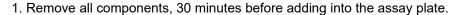
Validation of an ELISA for the determination of rituximab pharmacokinetics in clinical trials subjects....Hampson G1, Ward TH, Cummings J, Bayne M, Tutt AL, Cragg MS, Dive C, Illidge TM...Immunol Methods. 2010... Elsevier

Rituximab in clinical practice: dosage, drug adherence, Ig levels, infections, and drug antibodies. Einarsson JT1,2, Evert M3, Geborek P3, Saxne T3, Lundgren M4, Kapetanovic MC3... Clin Rheumatol. 2017 Epub 2017 Oct... Springer

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# SCHEMATIC ASSAY PROCEDURE



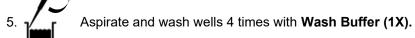


2. Avoid repeated cool-thaw of the components as there will be a loss of activity and this can affect the results.



Pipette 100 µl Standards / diluted Samples into the respective wells.

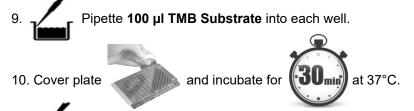








Aspirate and wash wells 4 times with Wash Buffer (1X).



Pipette 100 µl Stop Solution into each well.

12. Read absorbance at 450nm with a microplate reader within

of stopping reaction.

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# Typical Example of a Work List

Well#	Contents	Absorbance at 450nm	Mean Absorbance	ng/ml Rituximab equivalent
1A	zero std			
2A	zero std			
1B	10 ng/ml			
2B	10 ng/ml			
1C	20 ng/ml			
2C	20 ng/ml			
1D	40 ng/ml			
2D	40 ng/ml			
1E	80 ng/ml			
2E	80 ng/ml			
1F	160 ng/ml			
2F	160 ng/ml			
1G	320 ng/ml			
2G	320 ng/ml			
1H	640 ng/ml			
2H	640 ng/ml			
3A	Sample			
4A	Sample			
3B	Sample			
4B				



# LIMITED WARRANTY

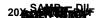
Biosystems does warrant against or defects arising  Anti-Rituximab Microtiter Plate (12X8 wells)  Anti-Rituximab Microtiter Plate (12X8 wells)  in ship	
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THIS WARRANTY EXCLUSIVE. The Expiration Date IS sole	and
exclusive of Krishgen Biosystems shall  Storage Temperature be	ion to

repair or replace the defective Products in the manner and for the period provided above. Krishgen Biosystems shall not have any other obligation with respect to the Products or any part thereof, whether based on contract, tort, and strict liability or otherwise. Under no circumstances, whether based on this Limited Warranty or otherwise, shall Krishgen Biosystems be liable for incidental, special, or consequential damages.

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# SYMBOLS KEY

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